



Catherine R. Schenk University of Oxford

"Constructing and Deconstructing the Global Payments System 1870-2000"

S.A. James & J.L. Foorman, 'Balanced banks have chip on both shoulders', *International Financial Law Review*, 6(7), p. 29. (1987)

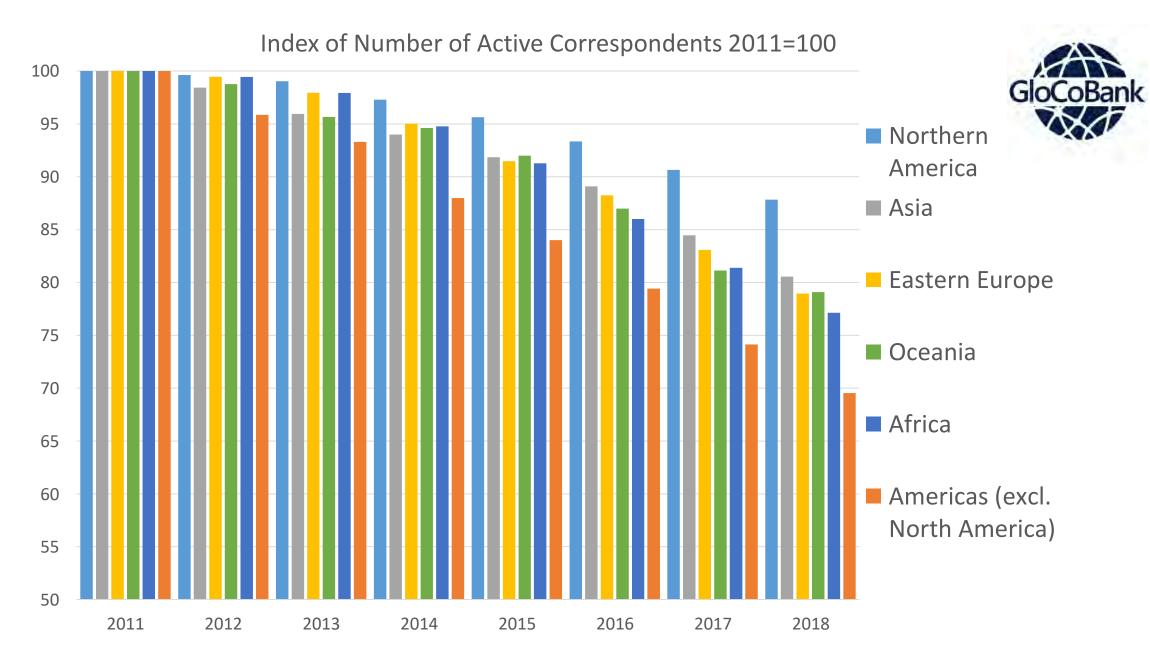




GloCoBank: Global Correspondent Banking 1870-2000

- Plumbing of the global payments system: prone to leakage, diversion, points of failure, patches
- Decline in correspondent banking since 2008 (Erbenova et al 2016) 25k
 - Anti-Money-Laundering, Counter-Terrorist-Funding, Sanctions
 - Cost/Benefit of acting as a correspondent
- Challenge of other digital solutions, disintermediation, regulatory oversight, financial exclusion of poor countries (FSB/BIS attention)
 - Danske Bank scandal 2007-14
- Response to financial crisis, conflict, technological innovation, bank business models





Literature on Correspondent Banking

USA

- Richardson (2007)
- James and Weiman (2010)
- Das, Mitchener & Vossmeyer (2018)
- Mitchener & Richardson (2019)
- Calomiris, Jaremski & Wheelock (2019)

• International:

- London: Mollen (2012), Mollen & Michie (2012)
- Australia: Merrett (1995) Panza & Merrett (2018) Chan (2001)
- SWIFT: Scott & Zachariadis (2014)

Contemporary

- Meinster & Mohindru (1975)
- Palmer (1990)
- Lawrence & Lougee (1970)
- Naughton & Chan (1998)

• Current issues:

- Gustitus, Bean & Roach (2001)
- Grollman & Jutsra (2017)
- von Peter & Rice (2020)
- CPMI @ BIS/FSB



BANCA POPOLARE DI MILANO S.C.aR.L .- 4, Piazza F. Meda, Milan, Italy.

Established-1865.

**Letegrams—' Popolbanca, Milan." Lowlon Correspondent:—Australia & N. South Wales; Barclays Bank; Br. Bank of New York; Hambros Br. Bank; Philip Hill, Higginson, Eda New York Correspondents—Bank of A. Morgan Guaranty Trust; Hanove Swiss Bank Corp.; Swiss Credit B.	Codes—Peterson's lew Zealand Bank; itish & French Ba ink; Hanover Ban nger; Swiss Bank C merica; Bankers er Bank; Irving T	Bank of America; Bank nk; Commercial Bank ik; Midland Bank; M. orp.; Standard Bank of Trust; Chase Manhatt	of Australia; Fir artins Bank; Nat South Africa; We an Bank; Grace	at National City tional Provincial estminster Bank. National Bank;
1958 Liabilities, Dec. 31:— Lire Capital	1959 Lire 354,006,000 3,099,321,170 145,247,010,250 34,835,224,380 285,320,674 69,040,874,295	Asserts, Dec. 31:— Cash Investments Loans & Discis Other Assets Contra A/cs	1958 Lire 37,687,896,320 14,150,333,027 81,680,086,747 23,120,728 890 48,832,958,899	1959 Lire 31,589,016,386 27,828,743,897 97,394,813,543 26,999,308,648 69,049,874,295
Total L.205,472,003,885 L	.252,861,756,769	Total Lo	205,472.003 883 1	252,861,756,769

Dividends-1948. 20 p.c.; 1949, 28; 1950, 32; 1951, 36; 1952, 40; four years to 1956, 42; 1957, 44; 1958, 46; 1959, 48.

Shares-Life 500. Meetings-March. Branches-7. Adrenous-64. See "Geographical Index."

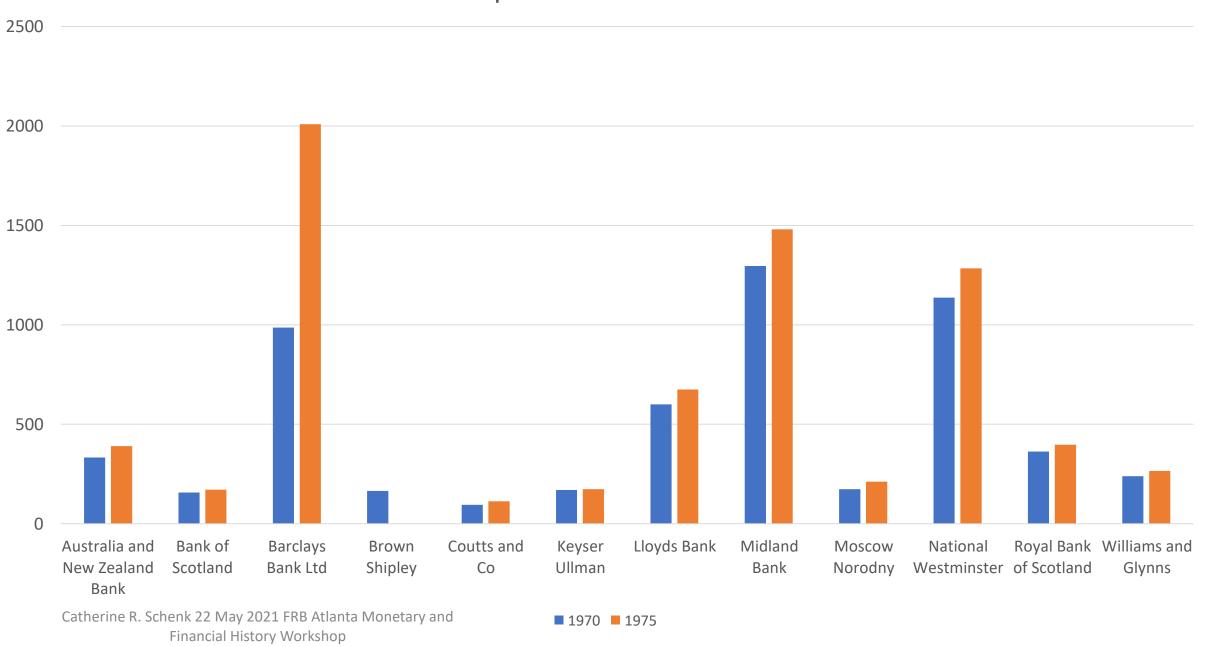
(See Index to Advertisers.)

Context for 1960s-1970s

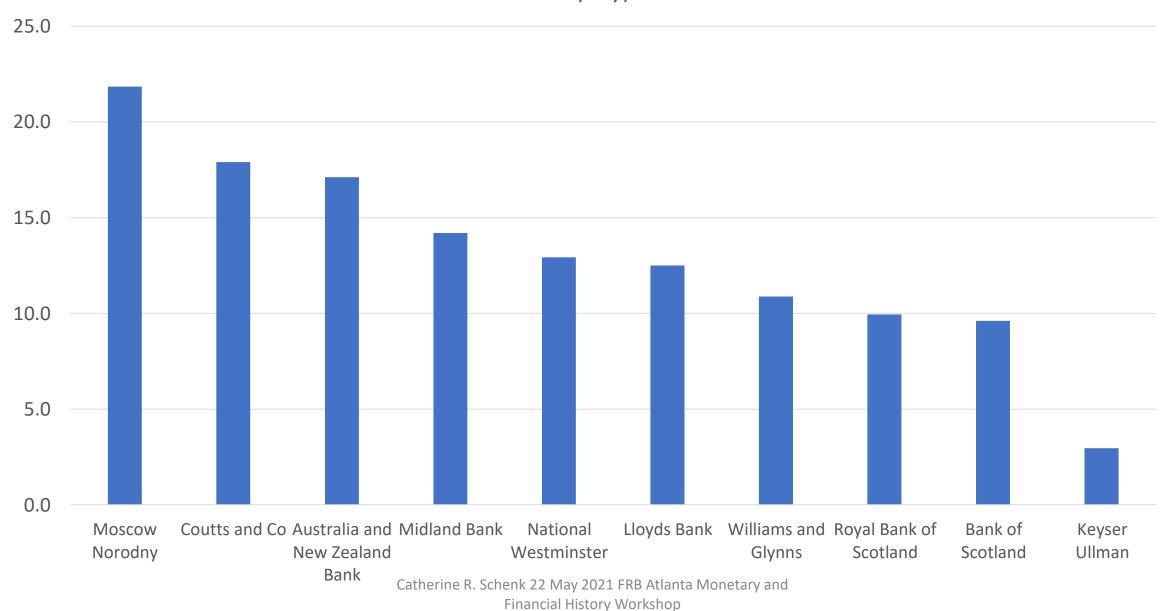


- Early 1960s Eurodollar market surge in global payments, integrated cross-border inter-bank market
- Late 1960s rush/panic among banks to internationalise (Schenk 2017)
 - Branches
 - Subsidiaries
 - Cooperative Strategies, consortia
- Market Risk: floating exchange rates
- Operational Risk: 'Paper Crunch' in OTC Securities 1969-70 (Seligman 2003)
- Operational Risk: weak internal controls, complexity

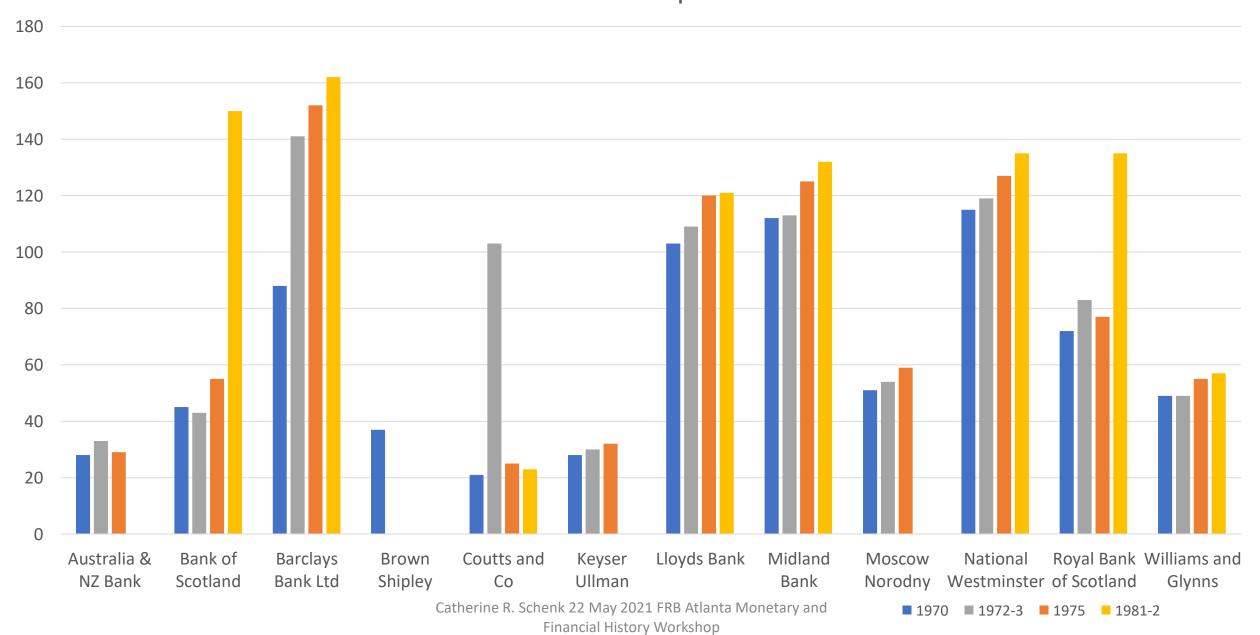
Number of Respondent Banks for Banks in London 1970 and 1975



Percent Change in Number of Respondent Banks 1970-75 (excl Barclays and Brown Shipley)



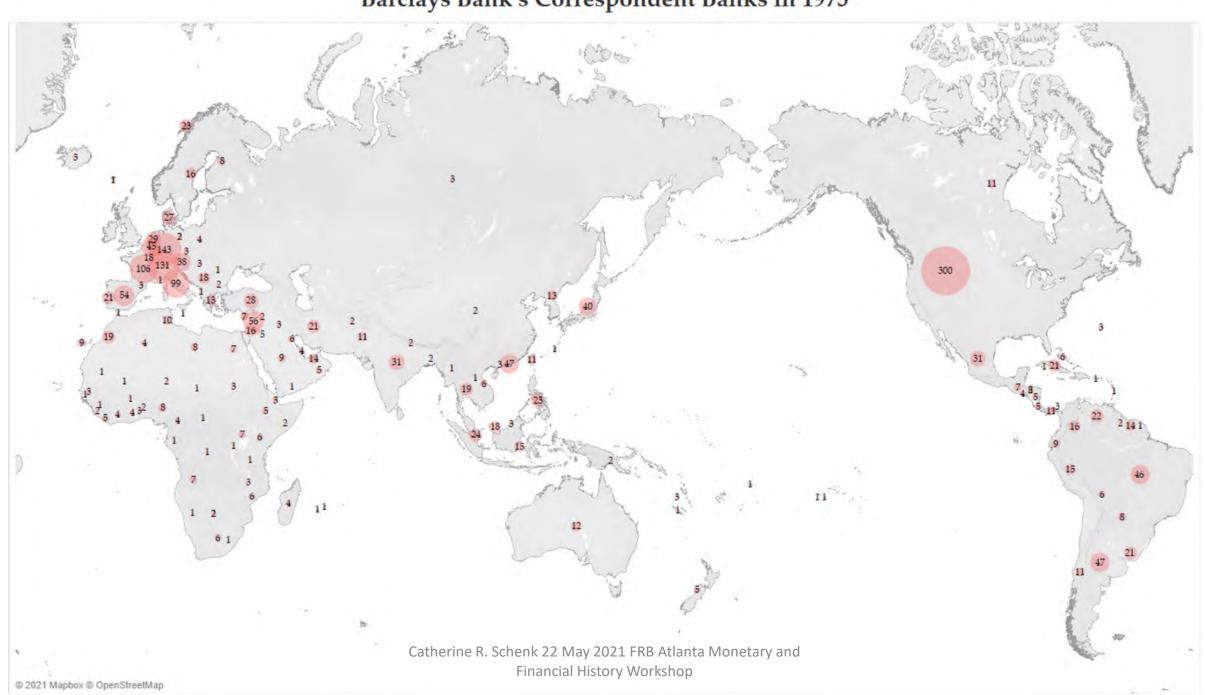
Number of Territories with Respondent Banks 1970-81



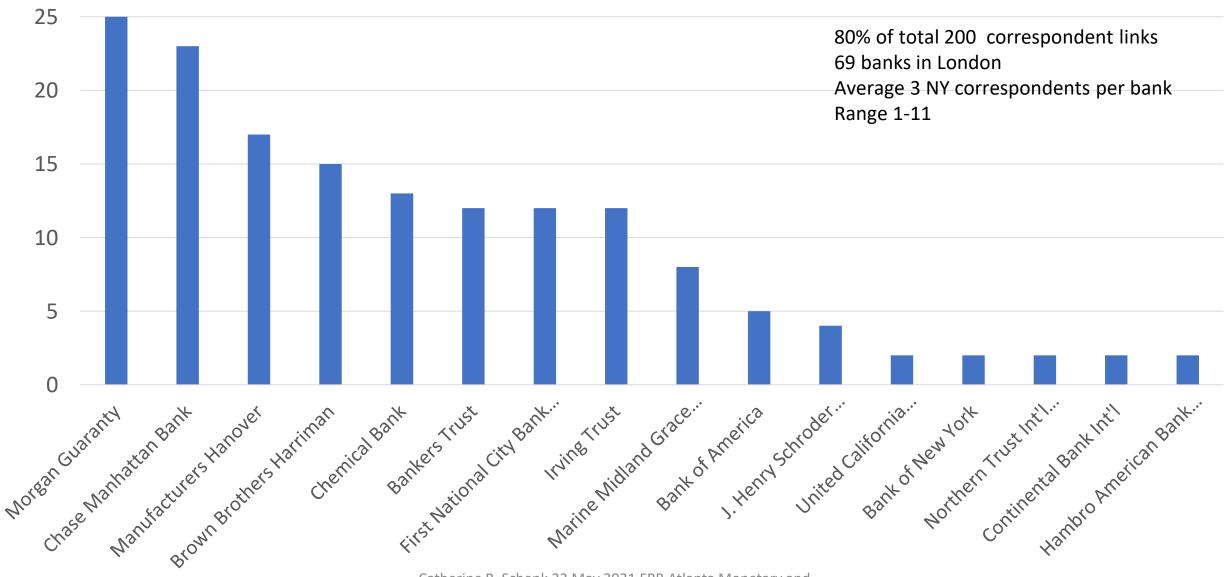
Barclays Bank's Correspondent Banks in 1970



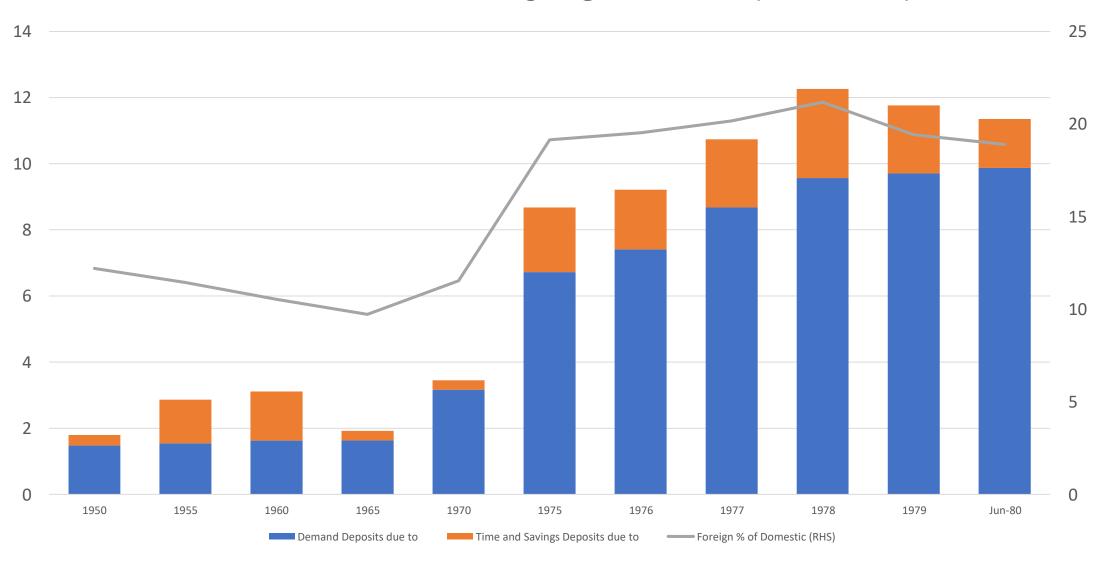
Barclays Bank's Correspondent Banks in 1975

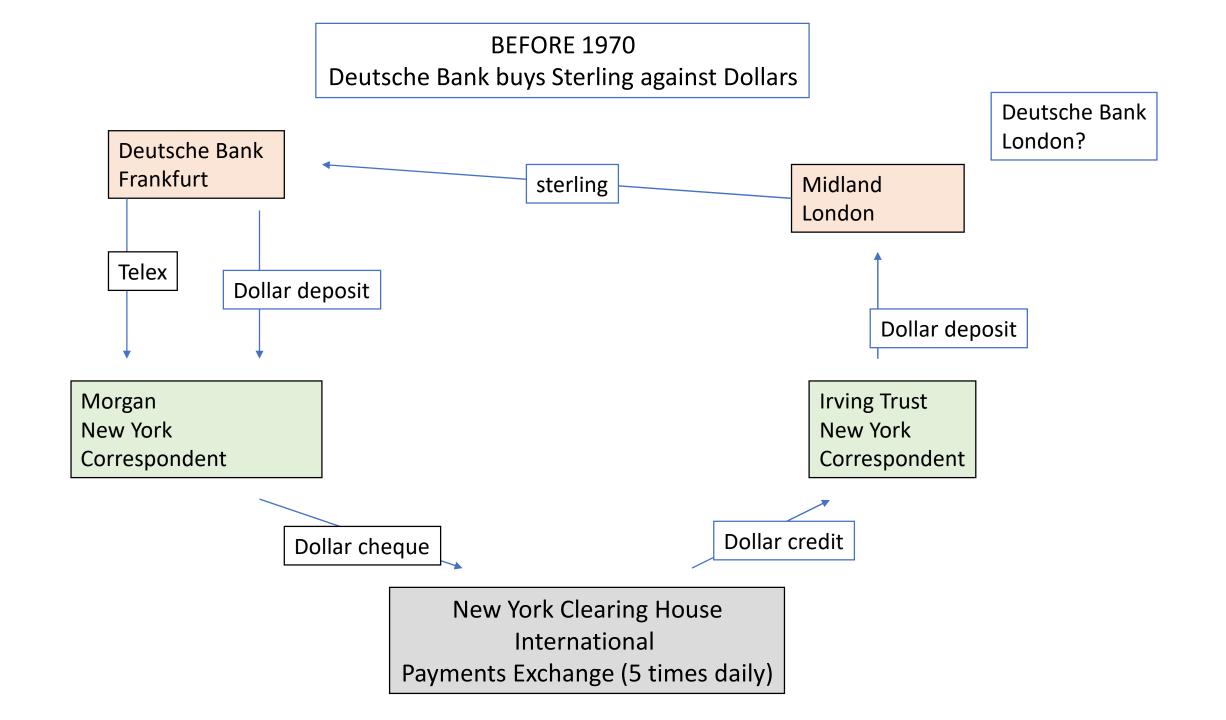


Leading New York Correspondents of Banks in London 1970



Correspondent Bank Deposits of US Banks: due to Foreign Banks Excluding Edge Act Banks (USD billion)





Clearing House Interbank Payments System

- All day entries through computer terminals, final netting out at end of day, 30 minutes to meet any deficit, final payment through FRBNY
- 1970 demand driven (too many cheques, too many messengers, too many clerks, focused on last daily clearing)

'one New York bank had its payments staff drop from an average of 22 years in the bank to an average of 8 months in a two-year span' (Crowley FRBNY 5 July '74)

- Technological innovation available (adapted from domestic use)
- New York Clearing House Members
 - Associated members, Edge Act subsidiaries



A NEW LEVEL OF COMPUTER RESPONSIVENESS





Note: Gendered element to technology Clerical tasks

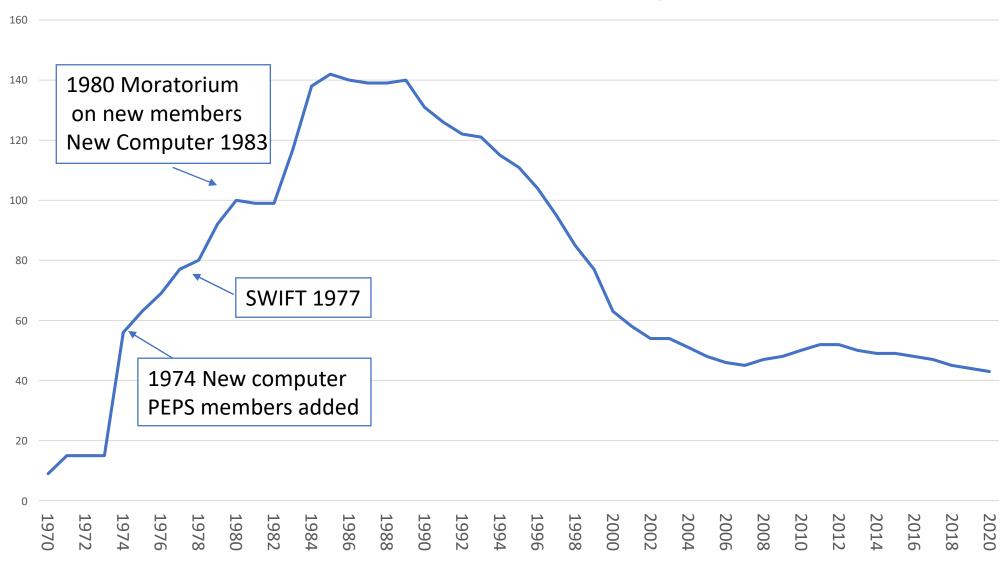


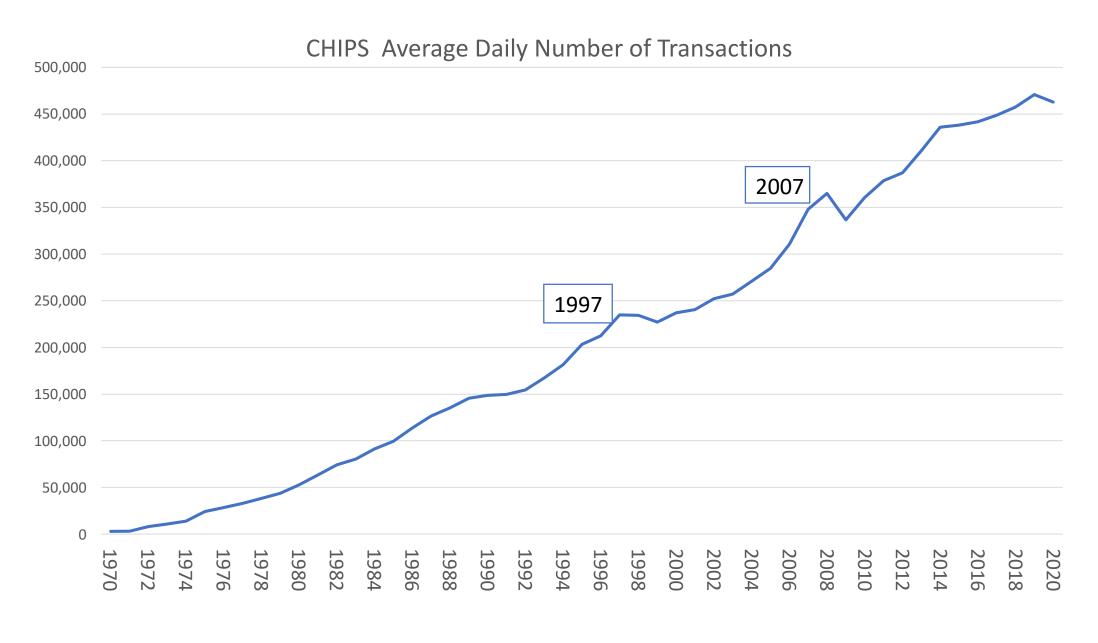




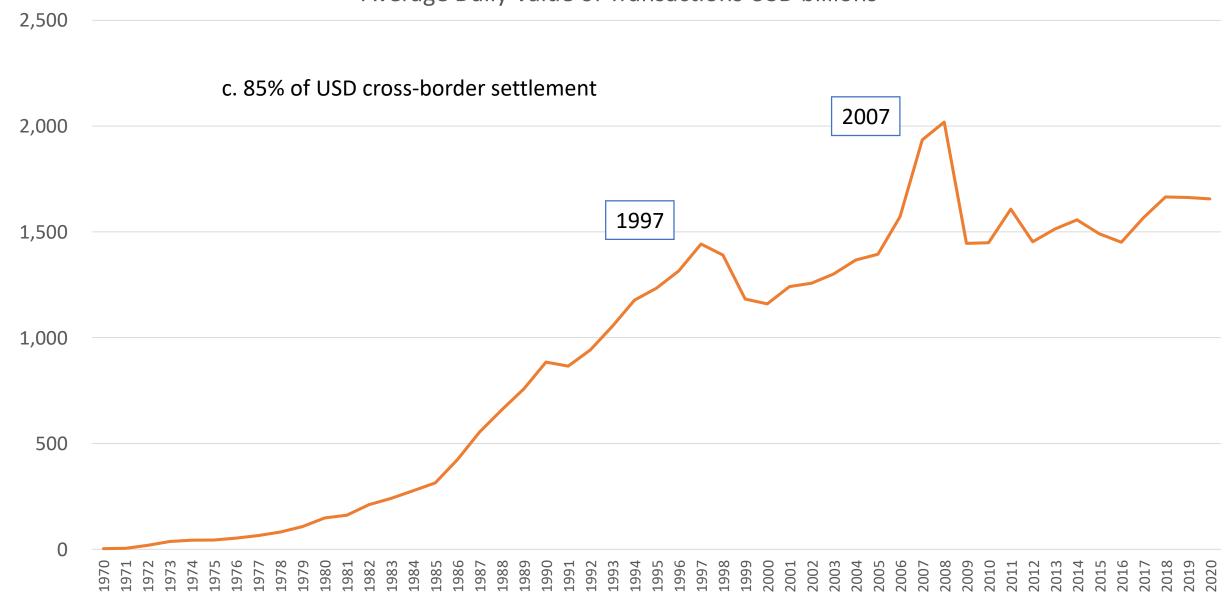


CHIPS Number of Participants

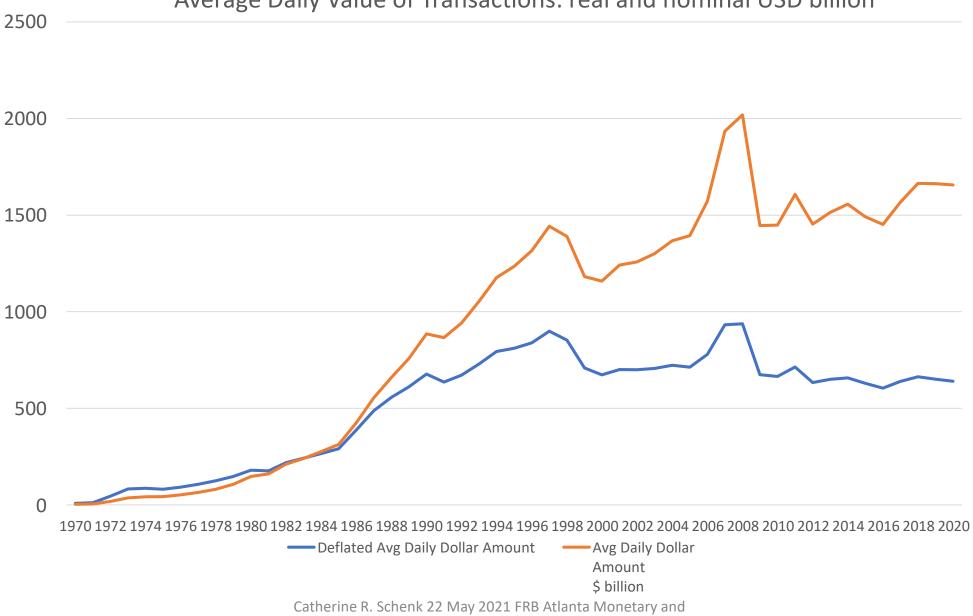












Financial History Workshop

CHIPS — Issues 1970-1986

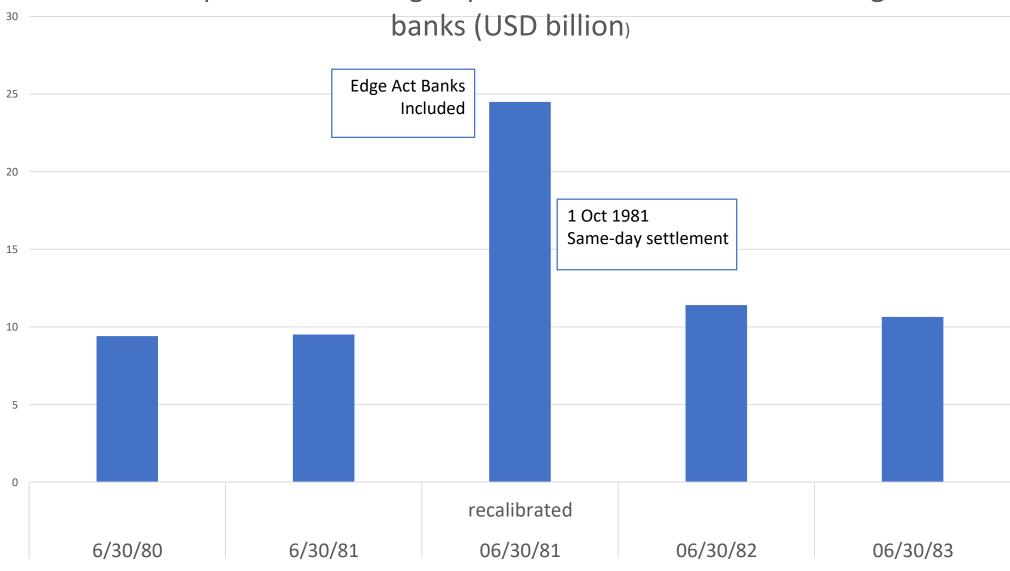


- FX payments immediately available but matching Dollars not available until next day: Clearing House Funds (1967-81)
- Friday funds not available until Monday: strategic holding over to put into money markets
- Daylight Overdrafts: float/deposits covers only a tiny proportion of turnover even for small respondents
- Time change NY-London-Europe: NY clearing not completed before European banks close

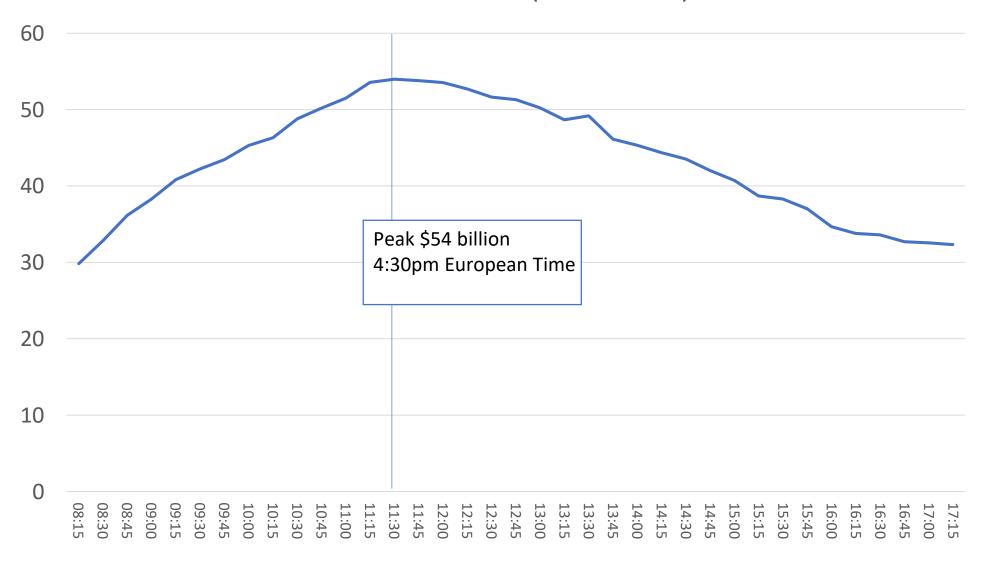
'it is a business in which trust and confidence is essential' Crowley FRBNY 5 July '74

 Computer Capacity: Associates join 1974, clearing through Clearing House members, Moratorium on new members 1980-83

Correspondent Banking Deposits of US Banks: due to foreign



CHIPS Average Total Net Credit Positions Through the Day Feb 9 to Feb 22 1989 (USD billion)





Herstatt Bank Collapse: 26 June 1974

- Fraud, insolvency (25 June dollar plunge)
- German authorities close Herstatt before dollar payments to cover FX payments on behalf of Herstatt (Mourlon-Druol 2015; Schenk 2014)
- Exposes counterparty risk in CHIPS

RESPONSE FOR PAYMENTS

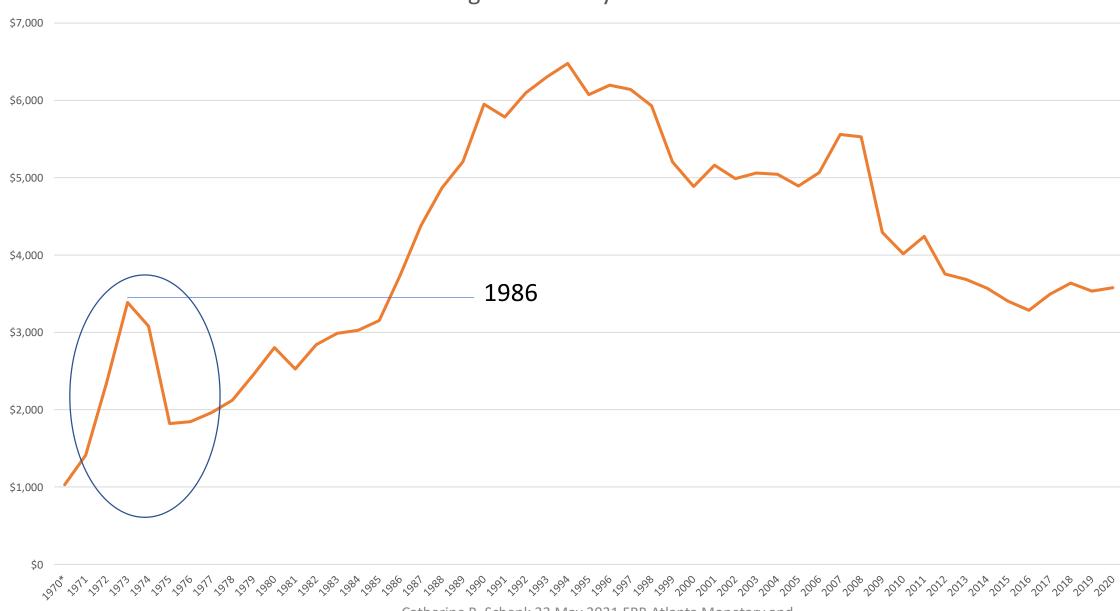
- Pending payments not released
- Next day retrieval of FX payments (symmetric to dollar settlement)
- Sharp fall in turnover (\$60b to \$36b)
- Sharp and sustained fall in average size of transaction



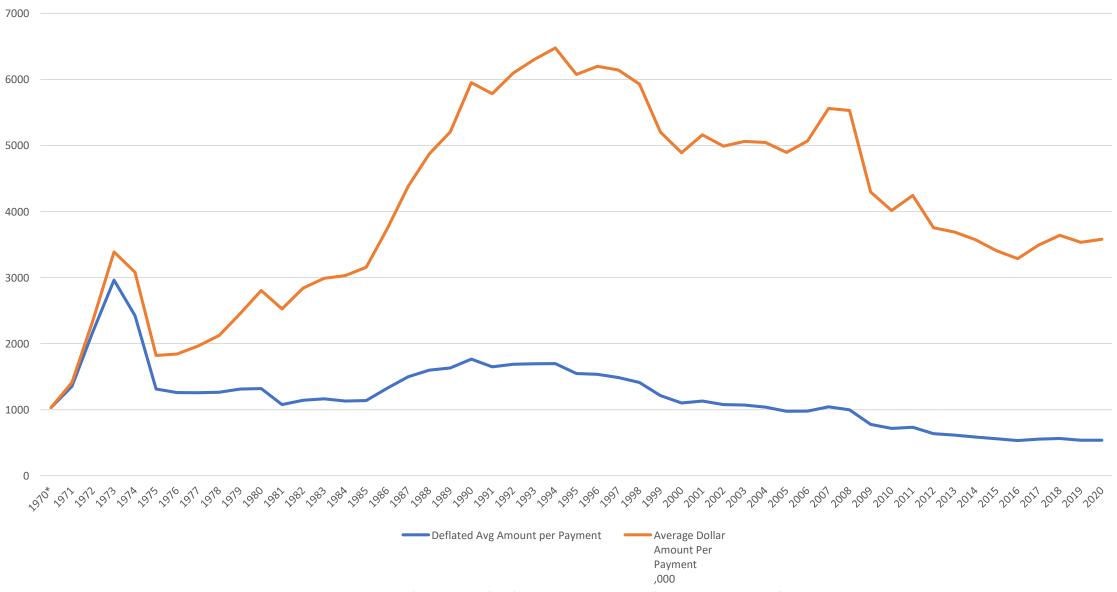
Chase Manhattan: Correspondent

- Herstatt daily turnover \$150-400 million
 26 June 'fairly routine'
- Specific advice of \$300m into their Chase Account from 17 European banks (\$64m received: total \$156m on account)
- Instructions to pay out \$350m (stopped) to 14 banks in NY =
 c. \$1.8 billion in 2019
- Later increased to \$620m claims against Chase
- Court case, finalised in 1987

Average Size of Payment '000s



Average Size of Payment '000s



Catherine R. Schenk 22 May 2021 FRB Atlanta Monetary and Financial History Workshop

Longer term reforms



- 1979 Fed/OCC/FDIC/NY Bkg Dept Supervision
- Self-regulation 'Encouraged' by Federal Reserve
- August 1979: members <\$250m in capital require letter of comfort from parent
- October 1981: same day settlement
 - Reduction in deposits in NY esp in Edge Act: higher equity ratios for correspondents and lower costs for respondents
 - Reduction in # correspondents (consolidation to simplify)
 - European banks need more credit (to cover gap between Europe-NY close)
- October 1984: members set bilateral intraday net-credit limits (some cancellations) announced Nov '83, tested June '84
- 1986 CHIPS sets intraday net debit limits

GloCoBank 2021-2026



There is a lot still to learn about Correspondent Banking system

- Geopolitics
- International Trade
- Technological innovation (ICT, competing/complementary networks)
- Financial Crisis: response and role in
- Bank strategies (variation)
- Governance (AML/CTF, transparency)
- Regulation (national and supranational, external, self-)
- Regional as well as global dynamics

https://glocobank.web.ox.ac.uk/#/





